

# Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and aligns with the United Nations Globally Harmonized System Date of Revision: 11/24/2022 Revision: 01

### **Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification**

- 1.1 Product Name: T2
  1.2 Synonym: Blend
- 1.2 VP Racing Fuels, Inc., 7124 Richter Road, Elmendorf, TX 78112, 210.635.7744
- 1.3 Recommended Use: Racing Fuel
- 1.4 RESTRICTIONS on USE THIS FUEL IS FOR 2 CYCLE ENGINES USE ONLY, NOT LEGAL FOR STREET DRIVEN VEHICLE
- 1.5 Emergency Response Number: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

International Emergency Telephone Number: +1-703-527-3887

1.6 See Section 16.3 for CHEMTREC in Country Emergency Numbers.

### **Section 2 - Hazards Identification**

## 2.1 GHS HAZARD

# <u>Hazard Classes</u> <u>Hazard Categories</u>

Flammable liquid	Category 2
<b>Specific Target Organs toxicity single exposure</b>	Category 3
<b>Specific Target Organs toxicity repeat exposure</b>	Category 2
Skin Irritation	Category 2
Skin Sensitization	Category 1
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	Category 4
Mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogen	Category 1B
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2
<b>Aspiration Hazard</b>	Category 1
Toxic to Aquatic Life Long Lasting Effects	Category 2

# 2.2 Signal Word: Danger



## 2.4 Hazard Statements

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

HEALTH HAZARDS: H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enter the

airway.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340: May cause genetic defects.

H350: May cause cancer.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the

unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting

effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

**READ SDS BEFORE USE.** 

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from sparks and open flames-

No smoking.

P240: Ground or bond container and receiving

equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof equipment

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against

static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe vapors and mist.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using

this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, and eye

protection.

RESPONSE STATEMENTS: P301 +P310+ P331: IF SWALLOWED: <u>USA</u>

Immediately call the National POISON CENTER at 800-222-1222. OUTSIDE USA Immediately call the poison center or doctor. DO NOT induce

vomiting.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air

and keep comfortable for breathing. P308+P313: If exposed or concerned, get

medical attention.

P362+P364: IF ON CLOTHING, remove contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

P313+P332: If skin irritation persists, get

medical attention.

P313+P333: If skin irritation or rash occurs. Get

medical attention.

H314: Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P330: Rinse mouth

P370+P378: In case of fire, use foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemicals to extinguish the fire.

P391: Collect spillage.

STORAGE STATEMENTS: P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

DISPOSAL STATEMENTS: P501: Dispose of content and container

following local, regional, national or

international regulations

**2.5** Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## **Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients**

### 3.1 Blend

CAS#	EC#	Chemical Names	Percent	Classification
637-92-3	211-309-7	2-ethoxy-2- methylpropane	35-39	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, STOT SE 3 H336
108-88-3	203-625-9	Toluene	18-23	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 Central H336, Repr. 2 H361, STOT RE 2 H373
64741-66-8	265-068-8	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	9-14	Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Muta 1B H340, Carc.1B H350
78-78-4	201-142-8	2-methylbutane	7-12	Flam. Liq. 1 H224, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
287-92-3	206-016-6	Cyclopentane	7-12	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
512-35-9	208-156-3	2-methylbut-2-ene	7-12	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336
138-86-3	205-341-0	Dipentene	0.3-0.6	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410.
78-00-2	201-075-4	Tetraethyl lead	0.1- 0.4	Acute Tox. 2 H300, Acute Tox. 1 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Repr. 1A H360, STOT RE 2 H373, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410, Aquatic Acute 1 H400
123-91-1	204-661-8	1,4-dioxane	0.08-0.2	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H332, Carc. 2 H351
Proprietary	Proprietary	Synthetic 2-cycle oil	0.01-0.03	Asp. Tox. 1 H304

**3.3 Trade Secret Provision and Chemical Concentration Disclosure:** Per OSHA and GHS Regulations, we have withheld specific percentages of the chemicals in this mixture. The chemical concentrations have been disclosed as a range and apply to the hazards identified in this Safety Data Sheet.

### **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- **4.1.1 General information**: Ensure medical personnel knows the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.
- **4.1.2 Following Inhalation:** Remove the victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- **4.1.3 Following Skin contact:** Flush skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.
- **4.1.4 Following eye contact:** Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.
- **4.1.5 Following ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical aid immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

- **4.2.1:** Contact with the eyes can cause serious irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain and redness. Severe overexposure can result in swelling of the conjunctiva along with tissue damage.
- **4.2.2:** Prolonged and repeated liquid contact with the skin can cause defatting and drying and lead to irritation and dermatitis.
- **4.2.3:** Liquid ingestion can cause inebriation, headache, gastrointestinal pain, nausea, and vomiting leading to central nervous system depression. Aspiration of liquid into the lungs must be avoided as even small quantities can produce chemical pneumonia, pulmonary edema, and even death.
- **4.2.4:** Prolonged breathing of high vapor concentrations can produce headaches, dizziness, nausea, and impaired vision. Excessive overexposure can cause central nervous system depression, loss of consciousness, liver damage, and death resulting from respiratory failure.
- **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: The severity of outcome following exposure may be related to the time between the exposure and treatment rather than the amount of the exposure. Therefore, there is a need for rapid treatment of any exposure.

Note to Physicians: If you determine that a medical emergency exists. The specific chemical identity is necessary for emergency or first-aid treatment and will be immediately disclosed the specific chemical identity. Call CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887. We will require a written statement of need and confidentiality agreement as soon as circumstances permit. In non-emergency situations, we will, upon written request, disclose a specific chemical identity.

## **Section 5 - Fire-Fighting Measures**

General fire hazards: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### **5.1** Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog. Alcohol-resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use a water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**5.2** Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. During a fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**5.3** Advice for firefighters: Firefighters should wear full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing. Firefighters should avoid inhaling any combustion products.

**Additional information:** Do not release runoff from fire to sewers or waterways.

### **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures:
- **6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel:** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spills and leaks. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Eliminate all ignition sources. No smoking, flames, sparks, or flames in the immediate area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- **6.1.2 For emergency responders:** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** Avoid direct contact with the material. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from the spill area. Prevent entry into sewers or waterways.
- **6.3** Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
- **6.3.1 For containment:** Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in the immediate area). Keep combustibles such as wood, paper, and oil) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water's surface. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements, or confined areas.
- 6.3.2 For clean-up:
- **6.3.2.1 Small spill;** Absorb with earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean the surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
- **6.3.2.2 Large spill:** Stop the material flow if this is without risk. Contain the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand, or earth to soak up the product and place it into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush the area with water.
- **6.3.3 Other information**: Never return spills to original containers for reuse. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers.
- **6.4** Reference to other sections: See section 8 of the SDS for personal protection. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

## **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Provide adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Eliminate all ignition sources. No smoking, flames, sparks, or flames in the immediate area., Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

#### 7.1.1 Bonding and grounding plastic containers:

When bonding and grounding two non-conductive containers, a static electrical charge can be generated when two dissimilar materials (Metal and Plastic) pass guickly by one another. Their many factors affect the

size and strength of the static charge or potential that may develop, such as speed of transfer, humidity, and container size. Therefore, the transfer of flammable liquids between plastic or other non-conductive containers should be under the following conditions:

- 1. A non-conductive container must be equipped with an approved metallic suction pump and draw tube for taking liquid from the top of a plastic container. The pump must be electrically grounded.
- 2. The non-conductive container must be equipped with a metallic, self-closing faucet that can be grounded electrically.

Additionally, flammable liquids between small containers may not require special bonding and grounding techniques. NFPA 77-1993 states that glass containers or other non-conductive materials of five gallons or less capacity are usually filled without special precautions." However, NFPA 77-1993 suggests that special techniques should handle flammable liquids in plastic containers with 5 to 60 gallons for larger containers would consider compliance with NFPA 77-1993 regarding the bonding and grounding of plastic containers holding flammable liquids.).

**7.2** Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities: Store locked up in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place out of direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10).

**7.3** Specific end use(s): Racing fuel only.

## **Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

#### 8.1

Chemical Names	ACGIH- TLV	OSHA - PEL
2-ethoxy-2-methylpropane	25 ppm TWA	None Shown
Toluene	20 ppm TWA	200 ppm TWA
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	300 ppm TWA	300 ppm TWA
2-methylbutane	1000 ppm TWA	1000 ppm TWA
Cyclopentane	600 ppm TWA	600 ppm TWA
2-methylbut-2-ene	None shown	None Shown
Dipentene	None Shown	None Shown
Tetraethyl lead	0.1mg/m3	0.75mg/m3
1,4-dioxane	20 ppm TWA	25 ppm TWA
Synthetic 2-cycle oil	5mg/m3	5mg/m3

ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. TLV® = Threshold Limit Value. OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PEL = Permissible Exposure Limits. NOTE: TWA Means "TWA is the employee's average airborne exposure in any 8-hour work shift of a 40-hour workweek which shall not be exceeded.

- **8.3 Ventilation:** Provide general or local exhaust ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below TLV/PELs. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into the work area by controlling it at its source.
- **8.4 Contaminated Equipment:** Separate contaminated work clothes from street clothes and launder them before reuse. Remove this material from your shoes and clean personal protective equipment.

#### 8.5 Personal protective equipment

#### 8.5.1 Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows appropriate air-purifying respirators, use a full-face respirator with a multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied-air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### 8.5.2 Hand protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected before use. Use proper glove removal techniques to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use. Select gloves tested to the **ANSI/ISEA 105-2011** or European EN374 Standard.

Full contact: Viton Splash contact: Viton

Registered trademark of The Chemours Company FC, LLC.

#### **8.5.3** Eye protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### **8.5.4** Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, and the type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### 8.6 Protective Clothing Pictograms









## **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

9.1

Physical State: Liquid Appearance: Green

Odor: Aromatic Hydrocarbon Odor Vapor Pressure: Not Available Vapor Density (Air=1): >1 Specific Gravity (H2O=1): 0.7510 Relative Density: Not Available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

Evaporation rate: Not Available

Odor Threshold: Not Available

Partition coefficient octanol/water: Not Available

Water Solubility: Insoluble

**Flash Point: -**59.8 °F, (-51 °C) c.c. Estimated **Boiling Point/Range:** 106.9-361°F, (41.6-182.7°C)

Freezing/Melting Point: Not Available

Viscosity: Not Available LEL: Not Available UEL: Not Available

Viscosity: Kinematic <20.5 mm2/s 104°F,40°C Autoignition Temperature: Not Available Decomposition temperature: Not Available

pH: None

## **Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity**

**10.1 Stability:** Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

**10.2 Polymerization:** Hazardous polymerization has not been reported.

**10.3** Chemical Incompatibilities: Strong oxidizing agents.

- **10.4 Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
- **10.5** Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources.

### **Section 11- Toxicological Information**

#### 11.1

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY ESTIMATE FOR THIS BLEND**

ATE (Oral): 5000 mg/kg ATE (Dermal): 14285 mg/kg ATE (Inhalation): 14.4 mg/l

- **11.1.1** OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show that this product's no components cause Harmful Oral Toxicity.
- **11.1.2** OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show that this product's no components cause Harmful Dermal Toxicity.
- **11.1.3** OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show that this product's components cause Harmful Inhalation Toxicity.
- 11.2 Route of Entry: Inhalation, Ingestion, Absorption, Skin, and Eye Contact.
- **11.3 Aspiration Hazard:** European Chemical Agency Database shows that components of this product may be fatal if swallowed and enters the airways.
- **11.4 Mutagenicity:** OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show components of this product cause genetic defects.
- **11.5** Skin Corrosion/Irritation: OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show that this product's components cause skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- **11.6 Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:** OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show that no components cause serious eye irritation. However, it can irritate your eyes.
- **11.7 Reproductive toxicity:** OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show components of this product cause damage to fertility or the unborn child.
- **11.8 Skin Sensitization** OECD Guideline Tests results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show components of this product cause skin sensitivity.
- **11.9 Respiratory Sensitization** OECD Guideline Tests results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show no components of this product to cause respiratory sensitivity.
- **11.10** Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): European Chemical Agency Database shows that components of this product may cause damage to the central nervous system (CNS).
- **11.11 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure):** Contains chemicals that may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, and central nervous system (CNS).

- **11.12** Signs and Symptoms: Effects due to exposure may include: Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Metabolic Acidosis, Coma, and Seizures. Symptoms may be delayed.
- **11.13** Carcinogenicity: OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show that this product's components cause cancer.

## **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

#### 12.1

Product Name	Results	Species	Exposure
2-ethoxy-2- methylpropane	LC50 2500 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-ethoxy-2- methylpropane	EC50 110 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Toluene	LC50 7.63 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Toluene	EC50 4.5 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Toluene	EC50 3.1 mg/l	Algae	24 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), full range alkylate	LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), full range alkylate	EC50 4.5 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), full range alkylate	EC50 3.1 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
2-methylbutane	LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylbutane	EC50 2.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Cyclopentane	EC50 10.52 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2-methylbut-2-ene	LC50 4.99 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylbut-2-ene	EC50 3.84 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2-methylbut-2-ene	EC50 13.2 mg/l	Algae	24 hours
Dipentene	LC50 80 mg/L	Fish	96 hours
Dipentene	LC50 17mg/l	Algae	24 hours
Tetraethyl lead	LC50 0.23 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1,4-dioxane	EC50 1000mg/l	Algae	48 hours
1,4-dioxane	EC50 1000 mg/L	Daphnia	72 hours

**Toxicity:** OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show components of this product cause long-term toxicity to aquatic life.

**12.2 Mobility:** Floats on water.

**12.3** Persistence/degradability: Inconclusive technical data.

**12.4 Bioaccumulation:** Inconclusive technical data.

**12.5** Other adverse effects: Inconclusive technical data.

## **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

**13.1 Disposal: DO NOT REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER!** The container should be emptied before discarding. Contact a licensed contractor for detailed recommendations. Follow applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

## **Section 14 - Transport Information**

### **14.1 DOT Transport Information**



**ID No.:** UN 1203

Shipping Name: Gasoline

Hazard Class: 3
Packing Group: II
Label: Flammable
Placard: Flammable

Marking: MARINE POLLUTANT 2-methylbutane when shipping ground greater than 119 gallons' single

container or any quantity by water.

### 14.2 IMDG Transport Information



**ID No.:** UN 1203

Shipping Name: GASOLINE

Hazard Class: 3
Packing Group: II
Flash Point: (-51°C c.c.)
EmS Number: F-E, S-E
Label: Flammable
Placard: Flammable

Marking: Marine Pollutant 2-methylbutane

#### **14.3** UN Dangerous Goods Transport Information





ID No.: ID No.: UN1203 Shipping Name: Gasoline

Hazard Class: 3
Packing Group: II
Label: Flammable
Placard: Flammable

Marking: Marine Pollutant 2-methylbutane

## **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

#### 15.1 US Regulations

**US. Toxic Substances Control Act:** All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30.

**TRI Section 313:** This product contains the following EPCRA section 313 chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know- Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372):

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Chemical percentage by weight not exceeding
108-88-3	Toluene	23%
123-91-1	1,4-dioxane	0.2%

This information must be included in all SDSs copied and distributed for this material.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs: Toluene 1000 lbs.,1,4-dioxane 100lbs

SARA Community Right-to-Know Program: All components of this blend.

**Clean Water Act:** 

Clean Air Act: 2-methylbutane

**OSHA:** All ingredients are regulated by 29 CFR 1910.1200.

State Regulations California prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals, including 1,4-dioxane CAS# 123-91-1 and Toluene CAS #188-88-3, known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to <a href="https://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov">www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</a>.

**Massachusetts:** All product components are on the Massachusetts Inventory or exempt from Inventory requirements.

**New Jersey** All product components are on the New Jersey inventory or exempt from Inventory requirements.

**Pennsylvania:** All product components are on the Pennsylvania Inventory or exempt from Inventory requirements.

#### 15.2 International Regulations:

**Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances:** All components of this product are on the Inventory or are exempt from Inventory requirements.

**National Existing Chemical Inventory in Taiwan:** All components of this product are on the Inventory or are exempt from Inventory requirements.

**Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances** All product components are on the Inventory or exempt from Inventory requirements.

**China Existing Chemical Inventory:** All components of this product are on the Inventory or are exempt from Inventory requirements.

### **Section 16 - Other Information**

- **16.1 Disclaimer:** The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above is furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall determine the product's suitability for their particular purpose and assume the risk of its use.
- **16.2 References:** CHEMpendium Database of the Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), European Chemical Agency Database, and MSDS and SDS of chemicals in this mixture.

#### 16.3 CHEMTREC in-country emergency dial numbers

County	Greeting Language	City	Local Number	Toll-Free number
	Latin American			
Argentina	Spanish	Buenos Aires	54-1159839431	
Brazil	Portuguese	Rio De Janeiro	55-2139581449	
Brazil	Portuguese	Sao Paulo	55-1143491359	
Brazil - Toll-Free	Portuguese		0800 892 0479	0800 892 0479
Cayman Islands	English	Local (National)	345-749-8392	
Chile	Latin American Spanish	Santiago	56 2 2581 4934	
Colombia	Latin American Spanish		01800-710-2151	01800-710-2151
Costa Rica	Latin American Spanish		506-40003869	
Dominican	Latin American			
Republic	Spanish	Santo Domingo	1 (829) 956-7588	
El Salvador	Latin American Spanish	San Salvador	503 2136 7633	
Grenada	English	St George	1 (473) 230-0165	
Guinea	French		224 660 71 03 00	
	Latin American			01-800-681- 9531
Mexico	Spanish		01-800-681-9531	
	Latin American			
Panama	Spanish		507-8322475	

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	Latin American			
Peru	Spanish	Lima	51-17071295	
Trinidad and				
Tobago	English	National Number	1-868-224-5716	
	Hindi, Bengali,			000-800-100-
India	English		000-800-100-7141	7141
				001-803-017-
Indonesia	Indonesian		001-803-017-9114	9114
Israel	Hebrew	Tel Aviv	972-37630639	
Japan	Japanese	Tokyo	81-345209637	
Malaysia	Malay	Kuala Lumpur	60-392125794	1-800-815-308
			+63 2 8395 3308	
			and	1-800-1-116-
Philippines	Tagalog	Manila	1-800-1-116-1020	1020
Russia	Russian		8-800-100-6346	8-800-100-6346
Saudi Arabia	Arabic and English		966-8111095861	
	English and			
Singapore	Mandarin		65-31581349	800-101-2201
				003-0813-2549
				and 080-822-
South Korea	Korean			1374
Taiwan	Mandarin	Taipei	886-2-7741-4207	00801-14-8954
			001-800-13-203-	001-800-13-203-
Thailand	Thai		9987	9987
Australia	English	Sydney	61-290372994	
New Zealand	English	Auckland	64-98010034	
Australia	English	Sydney	61-290372994	
New Zealand	English	Auckland	64-98010034	

**16.4 SDS Preparation Date:** 05/08/2017

SDS Previous Issue Date: None

**SDS Revision Date:** 11/24/2022 Revised Sections 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12,15,16

Prepared by SJC Compliance Education, Inc. PO Box 886 Rosharon, TX. 77583

steve@sjcedu.org

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET